



PPLN Cavity Mixers:

Cavity configuration is an alternative way to enhance nonlinear frequency conversion. For your application convenience, we have developed cavity mixer platform which can be customized to a variety of mixer applications, such as external pump OPO (EP-OPO), Intra-cavity OPO (IC-OPO), intra-cavity SFG (IC-SFG), intra-cavity DFG (IC-DFG) etc. Example applications are for generating NIR signal wavelengths between 1.4-2 um and MIR idler wavelengths between 2.3-4.5 um.



Key features

- Cavity enhanced & high-efficiency, optimized for your specified input pump or desired output signal/idler
- Available output wavelength from UV/Visible to NIR/MIR
- Available mixing configuration from fundamental type to advanced type (such as IC-OPO, IC-SFG, IC-SHG, IC-DFG, EP-OPO etc.)
- Available for fiber or free space as input/output coupling interfaces
- Available with integrated thermistor/TEC for QPM temperature optimization & optional photodiode (PD) for power monitoring/automatic power control
- Convenient, compact and robust and available for a variety of application customization

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Example: IC-OPO

an ultra-low power consumed optical parametric oscillator (OPO)

The intracavity design of the OPO utilizes the high circulating power in the cavity to achieve extremely low threshold pump power. 4 series with 3 wavelength cover ranges are provided upon request.

OPO-B and OPO-S are the OPO module with fixed wavelength specified by the customer in the range of either α , β or γ . In contrast, OPO-TB and OPO-TS are the wavelength tunable OPO that cover the entire range.

B: broad bandwidth (few nm)

S: single longitudinal mode

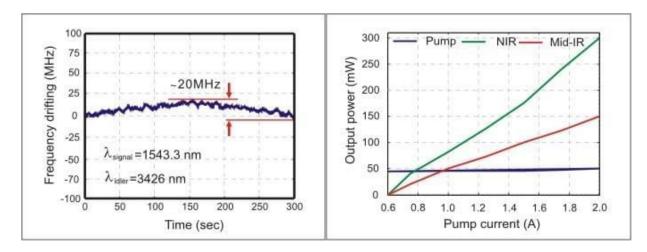
T: tunable

e.g. OPO-TS: tunable, single longitudinal mode

| Parameters | unit | ОРО-В | ОРО-ТВ | OPO-S | OPO-TS |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|--------|---|--------|
| Signal/Idler wavelength | nm | α series: 1560-1880/2500-3300 β series: 1495-1640/3000-3700 γ series: 1440-1510/3600-4100 | | | |
| Signal/Idler output power*1 | mW | α series: 250/100 β series: 250/90 γ series: 200/70 | | $^{*3}\alpha$ series: 150/80 β series: 150/70 γ series: 100/40 | |
| linewidth*2 | GHz | 300 | 300 | <0.2 | <0.2 |
| Frequency stability | MHz/hr | N/A | N/A | <400 | <400 |
| Beam Quality | - | TEM $_{00}$, signal M ² <1.2, idler M ² <1.5 | | | |
| Beam divergence | mrad | Collimated, <1 mrad | | | |
| Power stability (rms) | % | <5 | | | |
| Polarization | Linear, >20dB | | | | |

^{*1.} Peak value, power may vary with wavelength *2. The linewidth changes a little with wavelength

^{*2.} The linewidth changes a litt *3. Preliminary specifications



Frequency stability of the OPO-S-β

power scaling of OPO-B-a

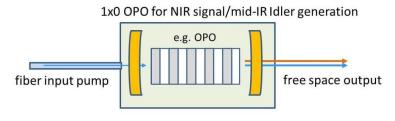
power scaling of OPO-B-a







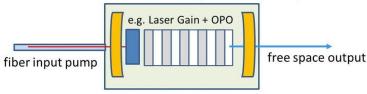
Example available configurations:



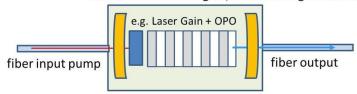
1x1 OPO for NIR signal/mid-IR idler generation



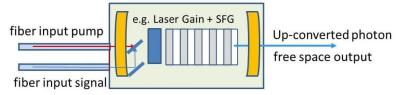
1x0 IC-OPO for NIR signal/mid-IR idler generation



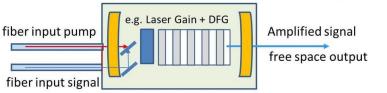
1x0 IC-OPO for NIR signal/mid-IR idler generation



2x0 IC-SFG for photon up-conversion



2x0 IC-DFG for signal amplification and idler generation



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